Teach and Talk: Helping Parents Improve Children's Communication Skills



Adapted from MERRILY Model by Paulette Y. Robinson

Modeling:

Being a role model for your child to imitate.

Why Does it Work?

Modeling gives your child a good example of how to become a better communicator.

What do You do?

Have the child pick something he/she wants to do. Model to the child some phrases you want him/her to learn. **Example:** Adult: "This is a red ball. You say it." Child: "This is a red ball."

Let's Practice!

Activity 1: I Do

Activity 2: We Do

	deas for using	g Modeling at Home
Morning	Breakfast	
	Getting Dressed	
	Brushing Teeth/Hair	
Afternoon	Lunch	
	Driving	
	Playtime	
	Dinner	
Night	Night routine	

Expansion:

helping your child improve his/her words, understanding or actions by building and adding to the vocabulary they already know

Why Does it Work?

Expansion gives your child the ability to be exposed to new vocabulary in situations they are already familiar with

What do You do? Pay attention to a word your child says then expand on it Example: Child: "toy" Adult: "I see your little toy next to the big, green toy on the floor. "

Let's Practice!

Activity 1: I Do

Activity 2: We Do

	deas for using	g Expansion at Home
Morning	Breakfast	
	Getting Dressed	
	Brushing Teeth/Hair	
Afternoon	Lunch	
	Driving	
	Playtime	
	Dinner	
Night	Night routine	

Repetition:

saying and doing the same things over and over

Why Does it Work?

Repetition allows your child to learn the words that they hear frequently

What do You do?

repeat words during daily activities **Example:**

Adult: "What do you put on your feet? Shoes! We wear shoes, we jump in our shoes, and we tie our shoes."

Let's Practice!

Activity 1: I Do

Activity 2: We Do

	deas for using	Repetition at Home
Morning	Breakfast	
	Getting Dressed	
	Brushing Teeth/Hair	
Afternoon	Lunch	
	Driving	
	Playtime	
	Dinner	
Night	Night routine	

Reinforcement:

Praising speech-language behavior you wish to encourage in your child.

Why Does it Work?

Reinforcement lets your child know that they should continue the behavior they are displaying

What do You do?

praise your child when he/she displays positive speech-language behavior

Example:

Adult: "What color is the toy?" Child: "Green." Adult: "Good job! The toy is green!"

Let's Practice!

Activity 1: I Do

Activity 2: We Do

ldeas for using Reinforcement at Home		
Morning	Breakfast	
	Getting Dressed	
	Brushing Teeth/Hair	
Afternoon	Lunch	
	Driving	
	Playtime	
	Dinner	
Night	Night routine	

Inquiry:

Asking your child questions appropriate for their language development

Why Does it Work?

Inquiry encourages your child to expand their vocabulary by asking them questions that require the use of descriptive responses

What do You do?

ask your child a question you know they will be able to understand and answer with more than a yes or no response

Example:

Adult: "Did you have a good day at school today? What did you learn?"

Let's Practice!

Activity 1: I Do

Activity 2: We Do

	Ideas for usi	ng Inquiry at Home
Morning	Breakfast	
	Getting Dressed	
	Brushing Teeth/Hair	
Afternoon	Lunch	
	Driving	
	Playtime	
	Dinner	
Night	Night routine	

Labeling:

Asking your child questions appropriate for their language development

Why Does it Work?

Labeling helps your child be familiar with the words and understand what they mean

What do You do?

State the name of the objects or actions as they occur **Example:**

Adult: "Before we sleep, we are going to brush our teeth. Let's get our toothbrush and put toothpaste on it. We are going to brush, brush, brush so they can be clean."

Let's Practice!

Activity 1: I Do

Activity 2: We Do

	Ideas for usin	g Labeling at Home
Morning	Breakfast	
	Getting Dressed	
	Brushing Teeth/Hair	
Afternoon	Lunch	
	Driving	
	Playtime	
	Dinner	
Night	Night routine	

You and Your

Youngster:

Spending time with your child is the most important building block of all the tools for your child's development

Why Does it Work?

It is important to be involved in your child's development. It helps both children and adults to become strong communicators

What do You do?

These are some actions you can take:

- Listening to your child as they communicate
- allow your child to speak, do not hurry to fill in missing words
- Speak slowly and clearly to your child
 - Keep a positive attitude

Let's Practice!

Activity 1: I Do

Activity 2: We Do

Ideas	s for You and	Your Youngster at Home
Morning	Breakfast	
	Getting Dressed	
	Brushing Teeth/Hair	
Afternoon	Lunch	
	Driving	
	Playtime	
	Dinner	
Night	Night routine	